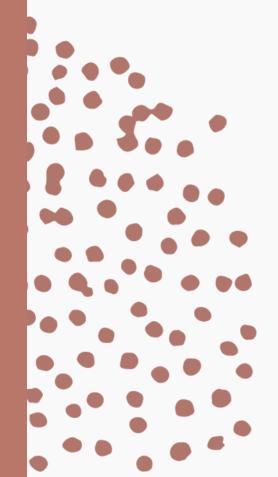
Welcoming Cities

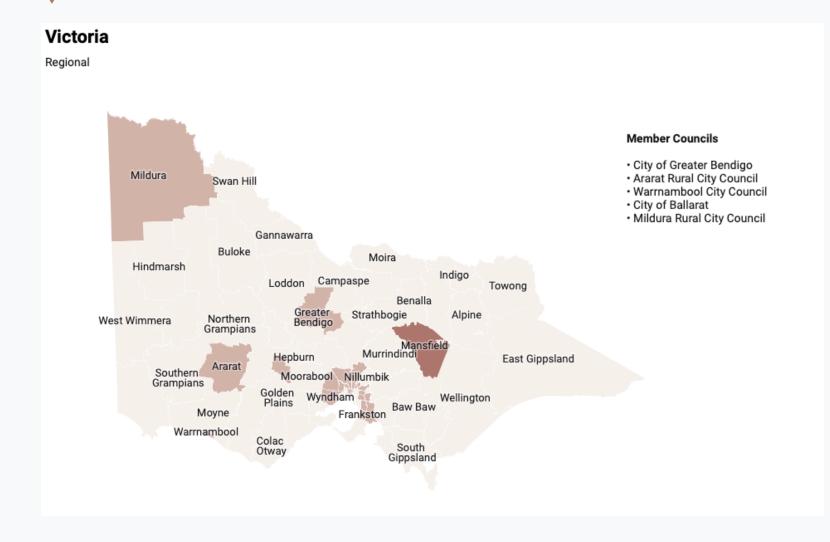
Data analysis

Mansfield

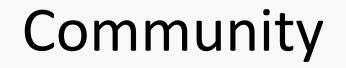


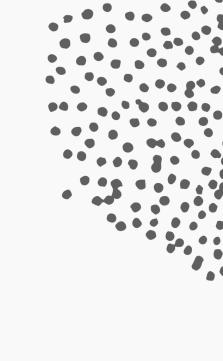


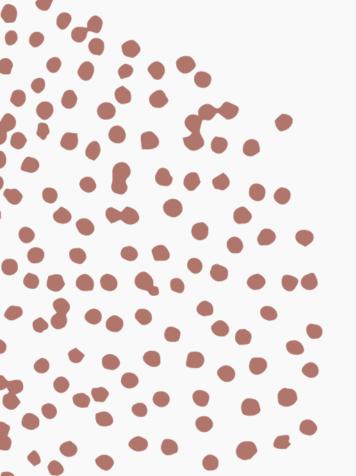
Welcoming Cities – Victoria



25 councils have become member councils of Welcoming Cities in Victoria, covering more than 52% of the state's population.

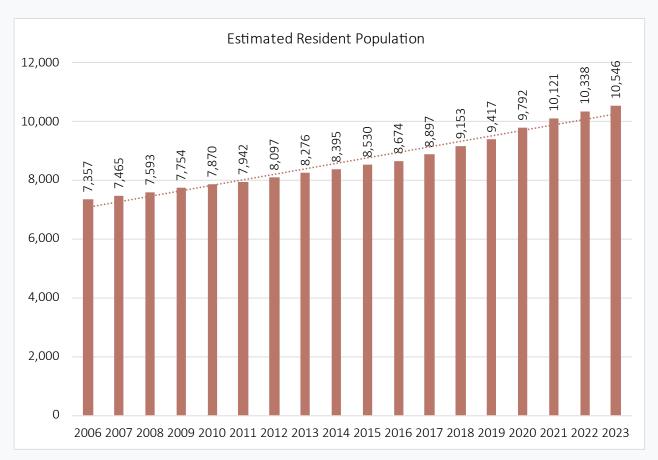




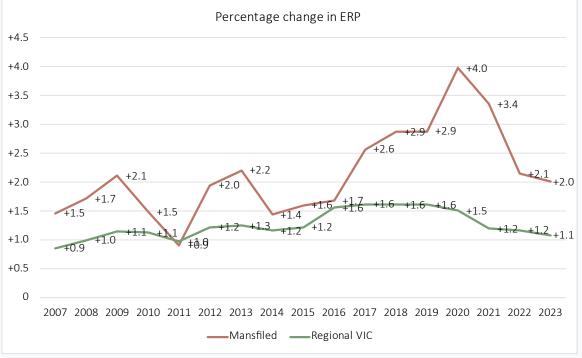


Estimated Resident Population



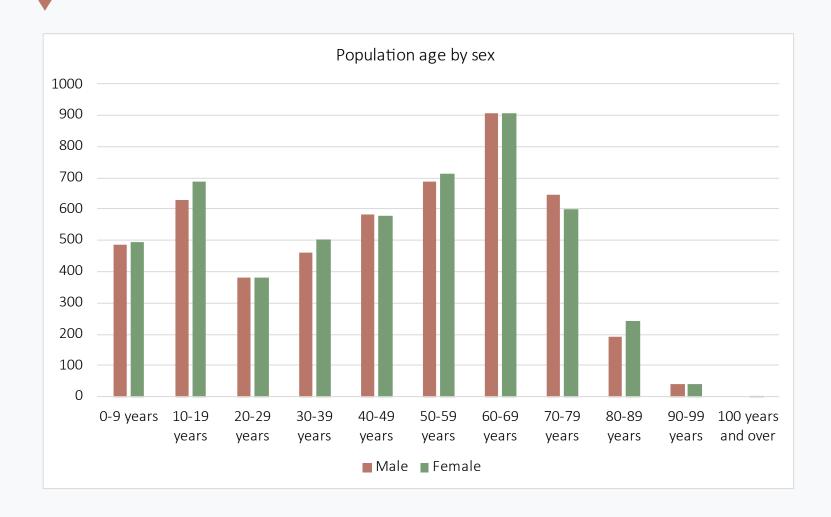


- Mansfield population growth rate is higher than of Regional VIC
- Average annual growth rate is approximately 2.1% (since 2007)



Population age profile

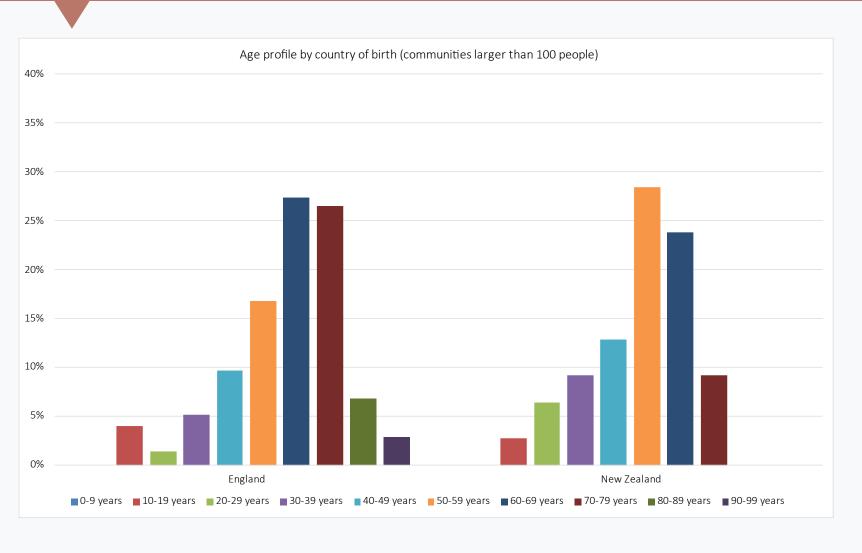




- 39.6% of population in Mansfield is under 40 years old.
- Mansfield median age (49) significantly higher than of VIC (38) and Australia (38).
- Sex ratio is 97.0 (males per 100 females)

Cultural Diversity – Country of Birth





- 11.3% of people residing in Mansfield were born overseas
- Communities larger than 100 ppl:
 - England (351)
 - New Zealand (109)
- 64% of people born in England are over 60 years old.

Cultural Diversity - Languages spoken at home

Language	Number of speakers
Mandarin	66
German	62

Language	Number of speakers	% reporting low English proficiency in the community*
Mandarin	6	9%

- 1.1% of the residents in Mansfield identify is either Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander or both.
- 88.5% of the population of Mansfield reports speaking only English at home.
- Mandarin, Punjabi and Italian speaking communities report highest level of low English proficiency.

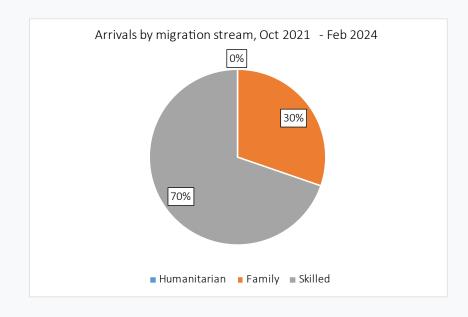
Cultural Diversity - Citizenship

More than 80% in the community* hold Australian citizenship	Less than 40% in the community* hold Australian citizenship
England (78%)	N/A

- 65.7% of people born overseas are Australian citizens
- 89% of people living in Mansfield are Australian citizens

Settlers by migration stream





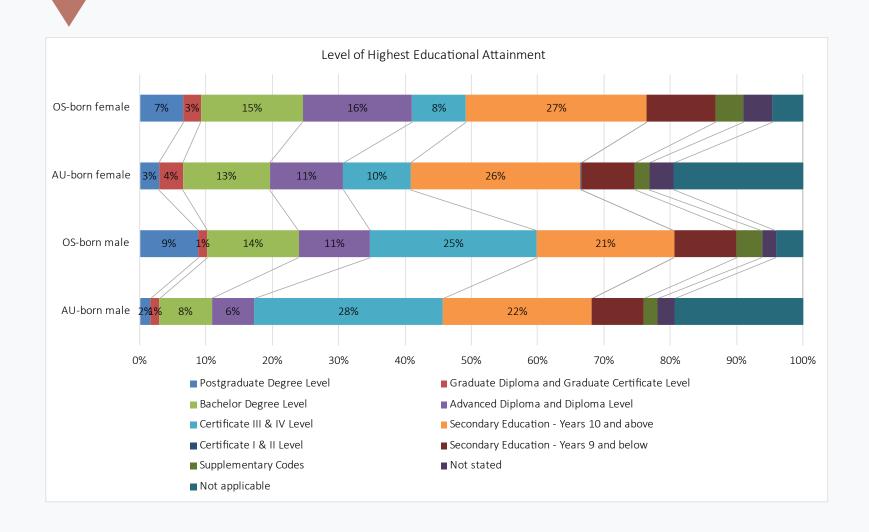
	Migration Stream		
Gender	Family	Skilled	
Female	<10	15	
Male	<5	8	
Grand Total	10	23	

- Settlers in: Skilled (70%), Family (30%), Humanitarian (0%)
- There were no humanitarian settlers between
 September 2021 and February 2024

Sources: Department of Home Affairs

General educational attainment by place of birth, by sex

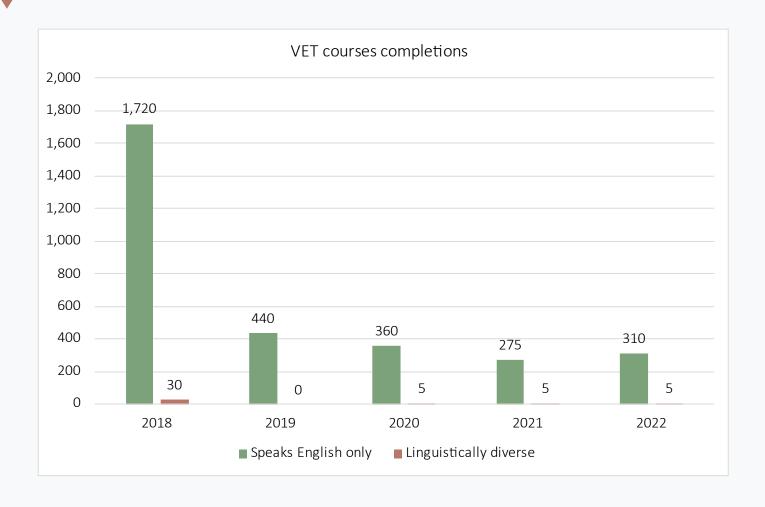




- Overseas born individuals are more likely to hold Bachelors Degree or higher than Australia born individuals.
- Overseas born women have the highest proportion of people with Bachelor Degree or higher (25%).
- Australia born men have the lowest proportion of people with Bachelor degree or higher (11%).

VET students and courses





- Top fields of study in 2022:
 - Education
 - Management & Commerce
 - Society & Culture

Long Term Health Condition and Need for Assistance

• 537 people have a need for assistance with core activities (1% have low English language proficiency).

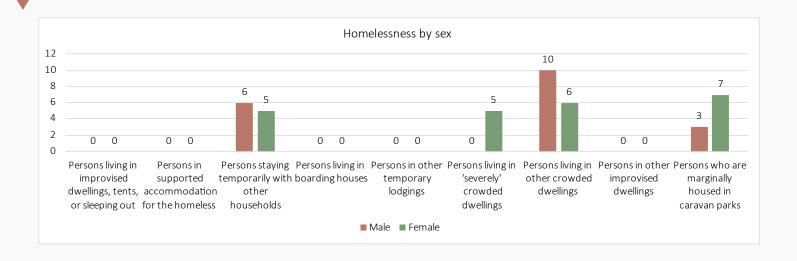
Long-term health condition	Number of people total	% of total population
Arthritis	1066	10%
Asthma	824	8%
Cancer (including remission)	412	4%
Dementia (including Alzheimer's)	67	1%
Diabetes (excluding gestational diabetes)	451	4%
Heart disease (including heart attack or angina)	517	5%
Kidney disease	120	1%
Lung condition (including COPD or emphysema)	225	2%
Mental health condition (including depression or anxiety)	842	8%
Stroke	141	1%
Any other long-term health condition(s)	839	8%

Benefit and Payment Recipients, Dec 2023

Type of support	Number of recipients
ABSTUDY (Living allowance)	0
ABSTUDY (Non-living allowance)	0
Age Pension	1,395
Austudy	5
Carer Allowance	190
Carer Allowance (Child Health Care Card only)	5
Carer Payment	80
Commonwealth Rent Assistance	270
Commonwealth Seniors Health Card	285
Disability Support Pension	245
Family Tax Benefit A	470
Family Tax Benefit B	325
Health Care Card	375
JobSeeker Payment	205
Low Income Card	110
Parenting Payment Partnered	10
Parenting Payment Single	90
Pension Concession Card	1,950
Special Benefit	5
Youth Allowance (other)	10
Youth Allowance (student and apprentice)	10

Homelessness Estimates

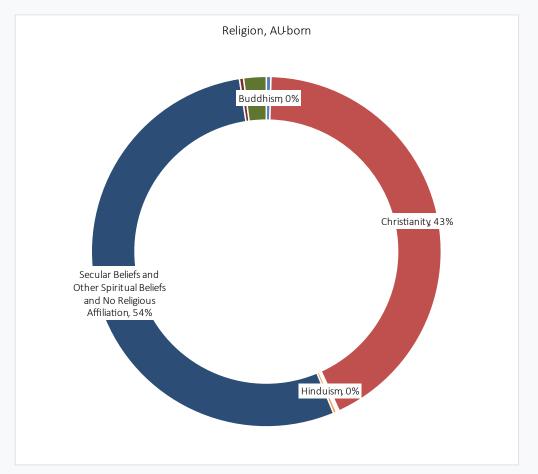


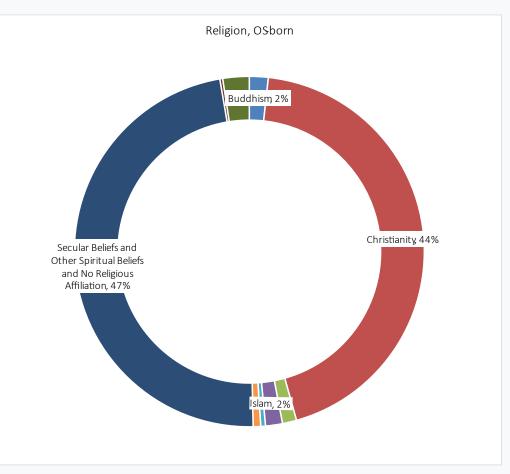


- 0.4% or 44 individuals of the population report being homeless
- There is a larger proportion of homeless amongst women than men.
- OS-born residents report live in other crowded dwellings

Religious Affiliation



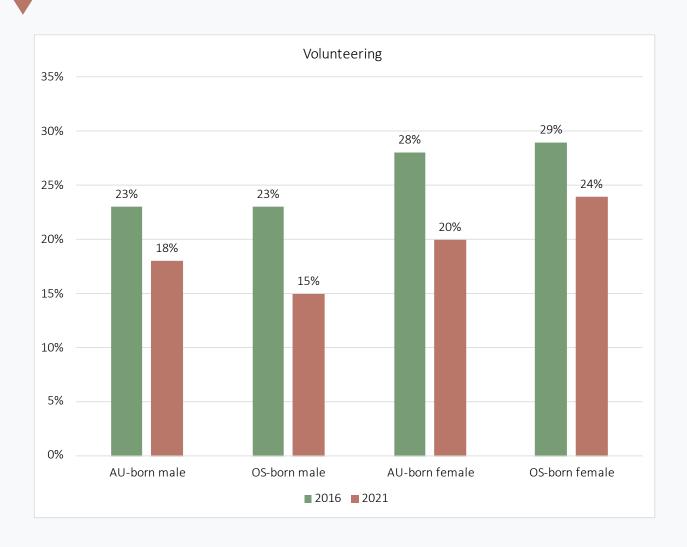




- 40% of individuals residing in Mansfield report their religion to be 'Christianity' and 49% report having 'Secular Beliefs and Other Spiritual Beliefs and No Religious Affiliation'.
- Individuals reporting all other religions represent over 1.8% of total population of Mansfield combined.

Volunteering





- More than 18% of residents of Mansfield report being a volunteer
- Women are more likely to volunteer than men.
- There has a significant decrease in volunteering, especially amongst AU-born female population (possibly due to the pandemic, ageing population and volunteering fatigue).

Sources: CENSUS 2021, CENSUS 2016

Social Cohesion and Democracy

52.2

(+0.5% from national average 2022)
Social Cohesion Index



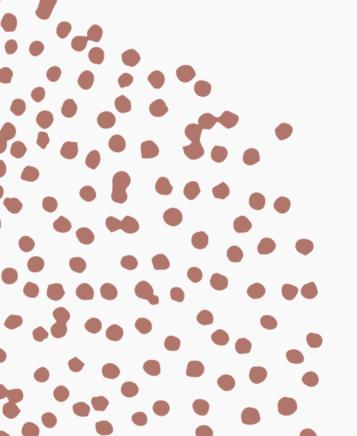
48.4

(+2.47% from national average 2022)

Democracy Index



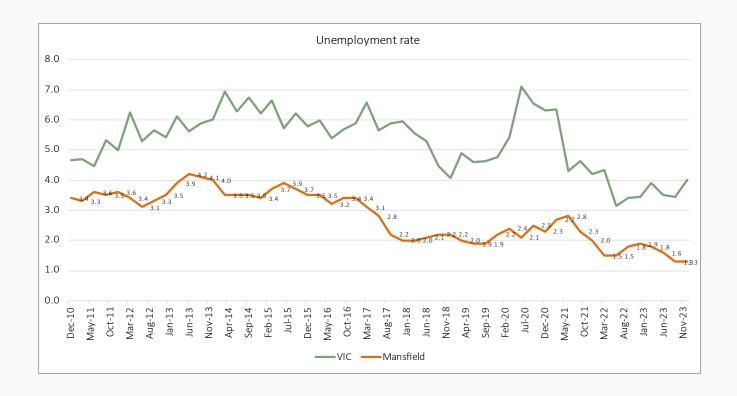
Domains	2021	2022	2023	Trend	National average
Sense of				\ <u>\</u>	
belonging	65.5	62.6	61.5		59.0
Sense of				\ <u>\</u>	
worth	58.4	58.3	58.1	7	56.2
Social Inclusion &				I √.	
Justice	52.8	52.2	51.9		47.4
Political				1 1	
Participation	38.0	39.6	40.6		32.4
Acceptance and				100	
Rejection	51.1	49.9	50.1		55.2



Economy

Unemployment rates 2011-2023

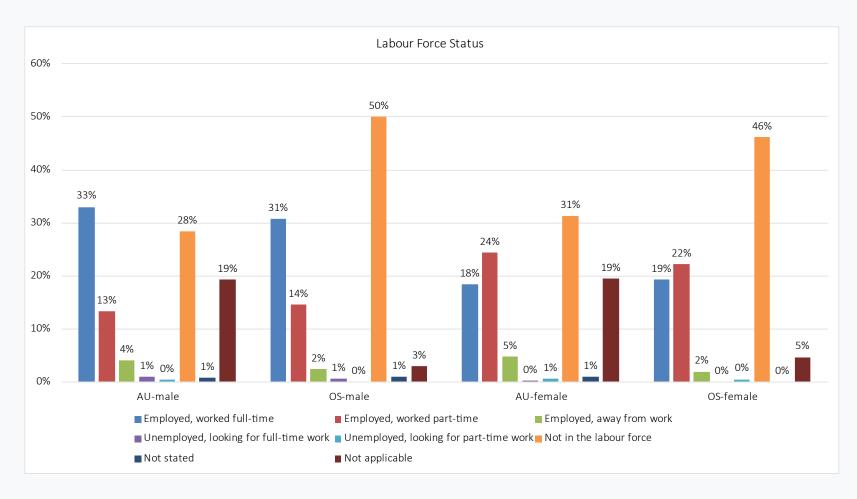




- Mansfield unemployment trend usually follows Victoria.
- Unemployment rate had a declining trend since 2013.

Labour force status





- Unemployment rate: 1.8%
- Participation rate: 55.6%

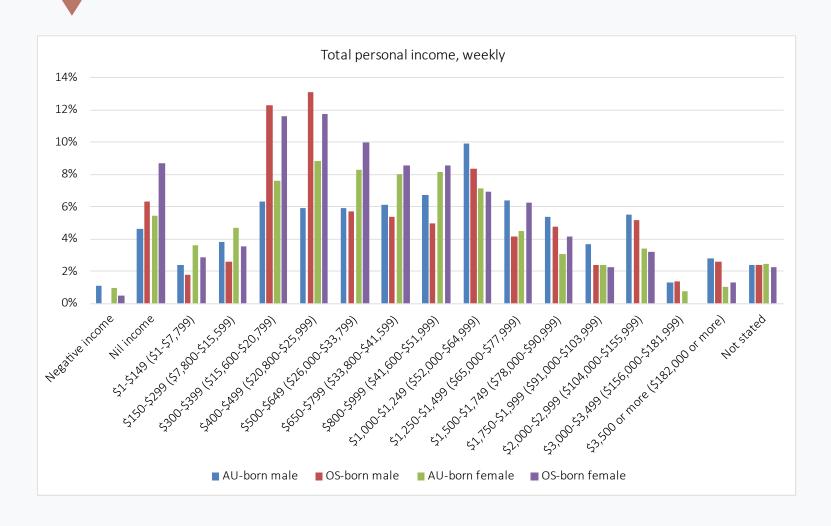
Note: The chart reflects the proportions of all residents who answered Census questions about labour force status.

- The <u>participation rate</u> refers only to people in the labour force: i.e. everyone who was either employed, or unemployed and looking for work.
- The <u>unemployment rate</u> refers only to people in the labour force who did not have work, but were looking for work.
- People <u>not in the labour force</u> are neither employed, nor looking for work.

For more detail on labour force definitions see ABS (2021).

Total personal income, by place of birth, by sex



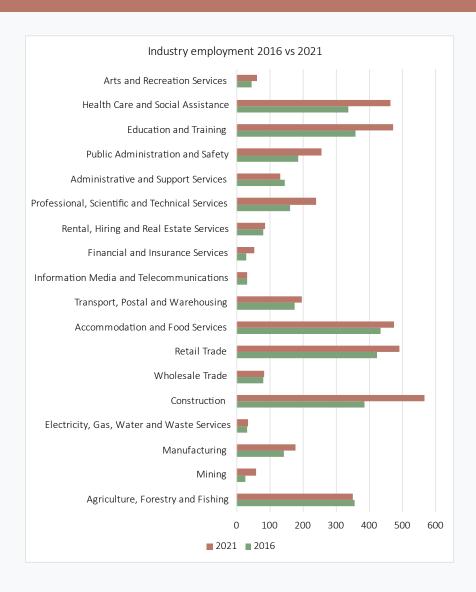


- Women are more likely to be on negative or nil income.
- The proportion of overseas-born women and Australia-born women that earn less than their counterparts is higher.
- Australia-born man are more likely to earn high income than other cohorts.

Cohort	% earning more than \$91,000 annually
AU-born male	13%
OS-born male	12%
AU-born female	8%
OS-born female	7%

Industry of Employment, 2016 vs 2021





Strongest growth:

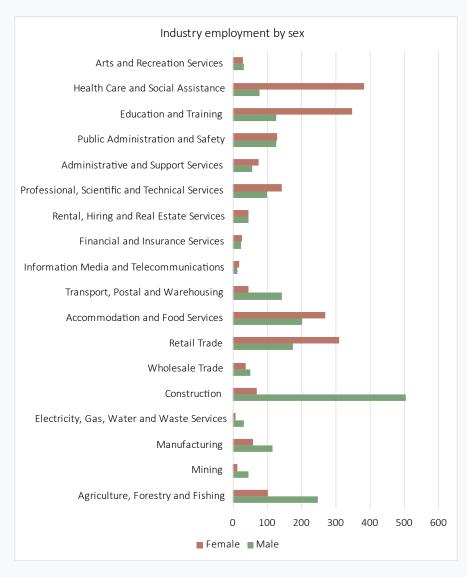
- Mining (+114%)
- Financial and Insurance Services (90%)
- Professional, Scientific and technical Services (+47%)
- Construction (+47%)

Decline:

- Administrative and Support Services (-10%)
- Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (-1%)

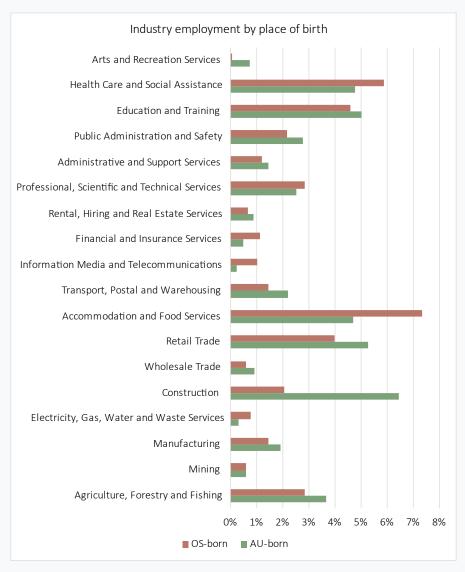
Source: ABS CENSUS 2021, ABS CENSUS 2016

Industry of employment by sex



- Women are almost 5 times more likely to work in Health Care and Social Assistance and 3 times more likely to work in Education and Training.
- Men are almost 7 times more likely to work in Construction, 4 times more likely to work in Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services and Mining.

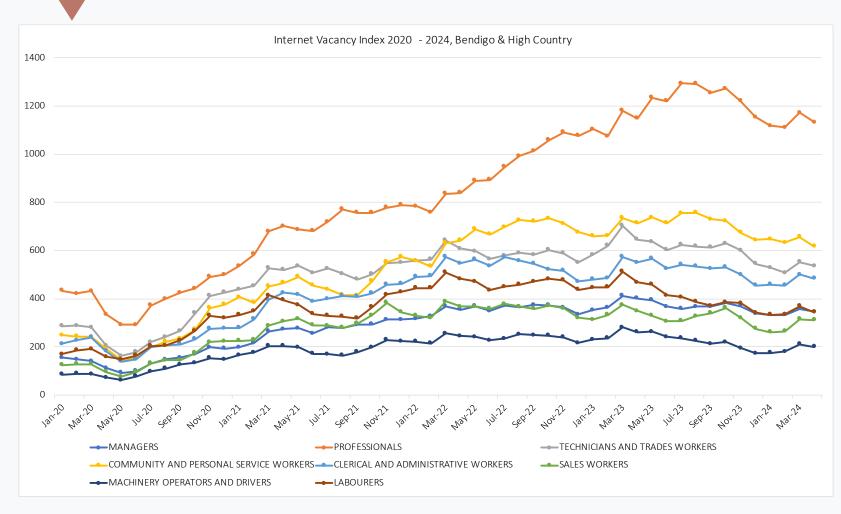
Industry of employment by place of birth



- Overseas born individuals are more likely to work in:
 - Accommodation and Food Services
 - Health Care and Social Services
- Australia born individuals are are more likely in every other industry.

Jobs and Internet Vacancies





As of 28th of May 2024 in Mansfield:

- The average pay for jobs is \$84K per year.
- Entry-level positions start at \$29K per year, while the most experienced workers can earn up to \$350K per year.
- 369 companies are currently advertising jobs including <u>GV Health</u>, <u>Goodstart Early</u>
 <u>Learning</u>, <u>UGL</u>, <u>McDonalds</u> and <u>The Just Group</u>.
- Top skills include: MANAGEMENT, DIALYSIS, CRITICAL CARE, TEAM PLAYER and TEACHING.

Tourism Statistics

Domestic Overnight	Visitors	Nights
Interstate	27000	98000
Intrastate	325000	839000

Top International markets:

- New Zealand
- United States of America
- United Kingdom

Main reasons for visiting for Domestic Overnight:

- Holiday
- Visiting family and relatives

Key Stats	International	Domestic Overnight	Domestic Day	Total
Visitors	3000	352000	220000	574000
Nights	30000	938000	-	968000
Average nights	11	3	-	3
Expenditure (M)	\$1	\$107	\$19	\$128
Spend per trip	\$482	\$305	\$86	\$222
Spend per night	\$43	\$115	-	\$112

Note: Data is based on four year average from 2016 to 2019

Housing Needs



0.41%

32

11.47%

Current Vacancy rate

Rental Stock available

Rental population







- Median price change for a house is 13.14% in 1 year and 19.93% in 2 years.
- Median weekly rent for a house is \$535 and \$420 for a unit.
- realestate.com.au has 144 houses and 23 apartments and units listed for sale.

Housing Needs



200

25%

8.1%

Current unmet need

Current social and affordable housing as a proportion of need

Annual growth of social and affordable housing required







- The main source of unmet need is rent stress.
- 200 households are projected to have unmet housing needs by 2041based on overall projected household for the region

Hidden accommodation and Housing Suitability



	n	%
Households requiring larger dwelling	57	1%
Current dwelling is suitable	386	9%
Households reporting unutilized rooms	3188	75%

- 2300 private dwelling were unoccupied on CENSUS night
- 75% or 3188 of occupied households have spare room capacity

Sources: CENSUS 2021

Summary of data insights



- Mansfield population growth rate is higher than of Regional VIC
- Mansfield median age (49) significantly higher than of VIC (38) and Australia (38).
- 11.3% of people residing in Mansfield were born overseas
- 88.5% of the population of Mansfield reports speaking only English at home.
- Low migration intake.
- Overseas born women have the highest proportion of people with Bachelor Degree or higher (25%).
- 537 people have a need for assistance with core activities (1% have low English language proficiency).
- There has been a significant decrease in volunteering, especially amongst AU-born female population
- Overseas born women are less likely to have higher income.
- Low vacancy rate despite 2300 unoccupied dwellings
- 200 households do not have their housing needs met.



